CL00: The Ideas Behind Coding

Today's Format is A Little Different...

- Little more lecture-y
- A little more vague

Why?

- A gentler introduction
- Want you to get a bigger picture of the little things we're going to talk about later
- I don't expect you to be able to do any of these things tomorrow... that's what this class is for!

Computational Thinking

- Strategic thought and problem-solving
- Can help perform a task better, faster, cheaper, etc.
- Examples:
 - Meal prepping
 - Making your class schedule
 - "Life Hacks"

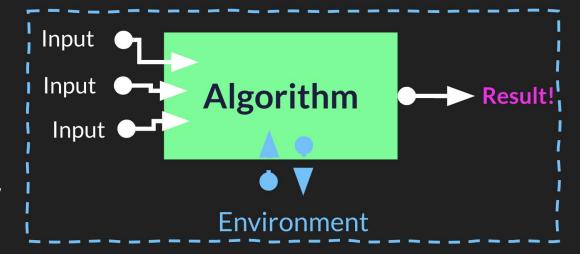
Algorithms

Input is data given to an algorithm

An algorithm is a series of steps

An algorithm **returns** some **result**

An algorithm *may* be influenced by its **environment** and it *may* produce side-effects which influence its environment.



Example: My dissertation

megapope

self driving cars aren't even hard to make lol just program it not to hit stuff

Algorithm



ronpaulhdwallpapers

if(goingToHitStuff) {

dont();

}

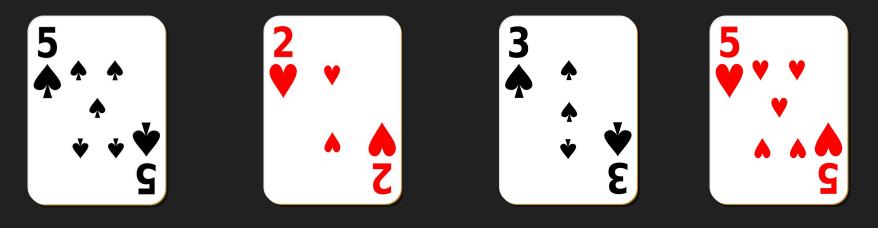
Discussion

What are examples of computational thinking that you use day to day? What kind of algorithms do you use to implement these ideas?

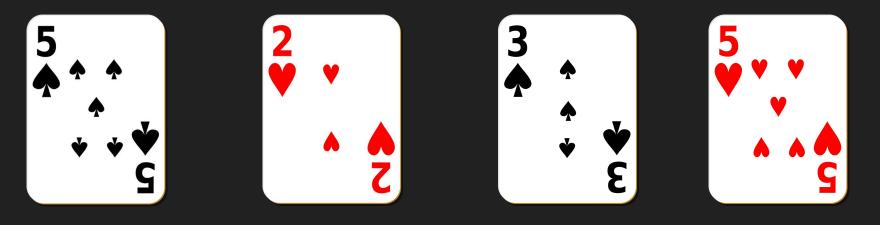
What is an algorithm?

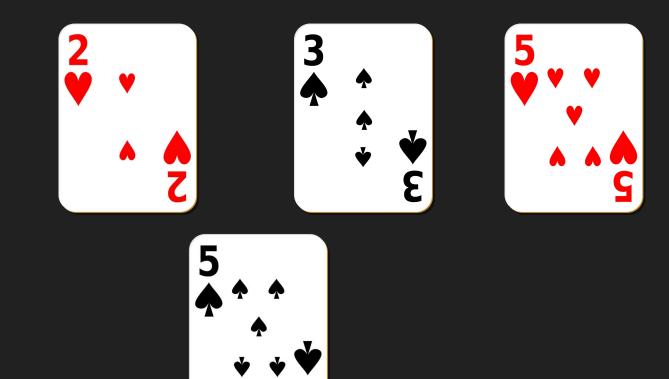
- A set of steps to solve a general problem
- Finite
- Can handle a problem of arbitrary size

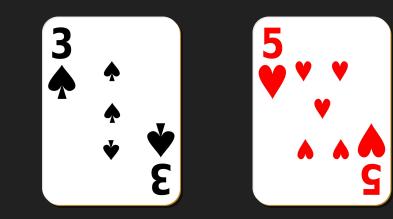
Classic Algorithm: Sorting



Instructions to sort these cards (or any set of cards) from least to greatest?















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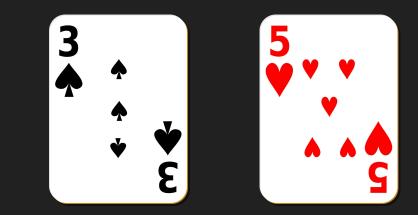














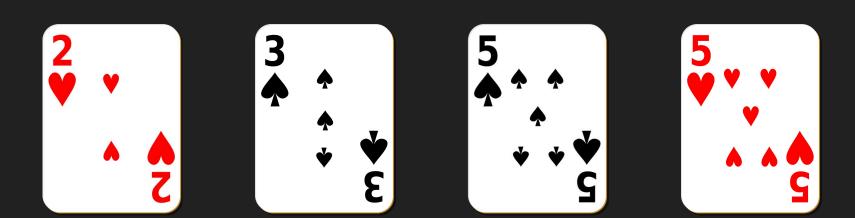












How do we express these steps?

Selection Sort:

- You're going to make a new, sorted deck, so let's call that our "new deck"
- From your old deck, repeatedly find the card with the lowest value and add it to the new deck until the old deck is empty

Point Of This Example

- Th

Original instructions

- You're going to make a new, sorted deck, so let's call that our "new deck"
- From your old deck, repeatedly find the card with the lowest value and add it to the new deck until the old deck is empty

Pseudocode:

new_deck = new CardDeck()

Original instructions

- You're going to make a new, sorted deck, so let's call that our "new deck"
- From your old deck, repeatedly find the card with the lowest value and add it to the new deck until the old deck is empty

Pseudocode:

```
new_deck = new CardDeck()
Assignment
```

Original instructions

- You're going to make a new, sorted deck, so let's call that our "new deck"
- From your old deck, repeatedly find the card with the lowest value and add it to the new deck until the old deck is empty

Pseudocode:

new_deck = new CardDeck()

Repeatedly until old_deck is empty:

low_card = find_lowest_card(old_deck)

new_deck = new_deck + low_card

Original instructions

- You're going to make a new, sorted deck, so let's call that our "new deck"
- From your old deck, repeatedly find the card with the lowest value and add it to the new deck until the old deck is empty

Pseudocode: Loop new_deck = new CardDeck() Repeatedly until old_deck is empty: low_card = find_lowest_card(old_deck) new_deck = new_deck + low_card

Original instructions

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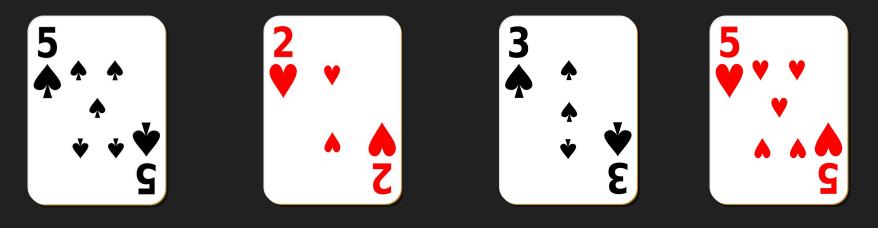
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Repeatedly until old_deck is empty:

low_card = find_lowest_card(old_deck)

new_deck = new_deck + low_card

Finding the Lowest Card in a Deck



- Go from left to right
- Remember the lowest card you've seen *so far* and compare it to the next cards



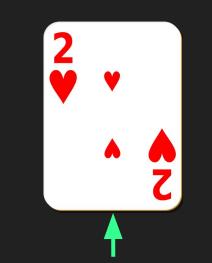












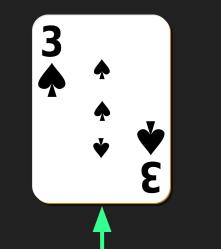




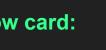












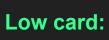
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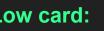












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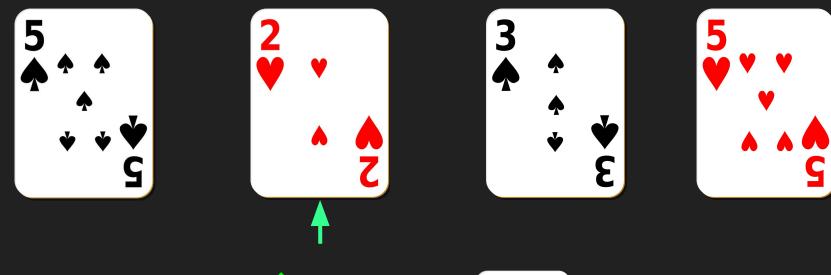






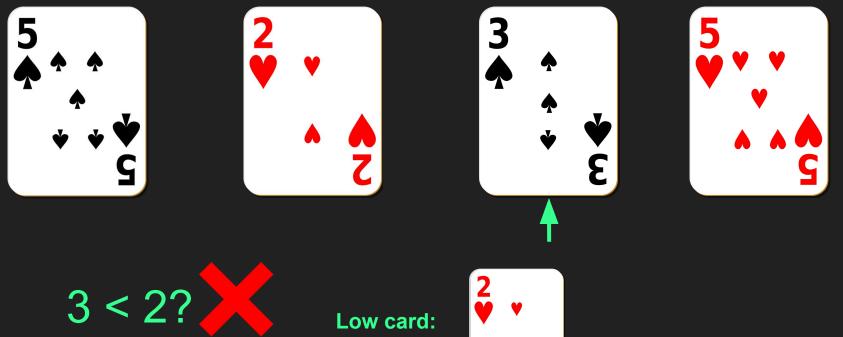






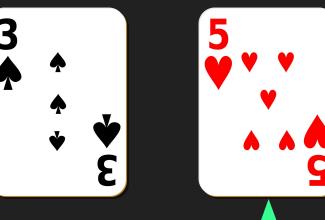
2 < 5? V Low card:











5 < 2? Low card:







5 < 2? Low card: Relational Operator



Pseudocode

Looks like code, but simplified and <u>readable</u>.

Not meant to run on a computer.

Helps you outline what your algorithm is going to look like.

You should be able to expand on your pseudocode to help you write actual code!



• Go from left to right

Pseudocode:

 Remember the lowest card you've seen *so far* and compare it to the next cards

- Go from left to right
- Remember the lowest card you've seen *so far* and compare it to the next cards

Pseudocode:

lowest_card = first card in deck

- Go from left to right
- Remember the lowest card you've seen *so far* and compare it to the next cards

Pseudocode:

lowest card = first card in deck Assignment

- Go from left to right
- Remember the lowest card you've seen *so far* and compare it to the next cards

```
Pseudocode:
```

```
lowest_card = first card in deck
Assignment
(Week 1 concept)
```

- Go from left to right
- Remember the lowest card you've seen *so far* and compare it to the next cards

Pseudocode:

lowest_card = first card in deck

Repeatedly until end of deck:

if current_card < lowest_card:</pre>

lowest_card = current_card

- Go from left to right
- Remember the lowest card you've seen *so far* and compare it to the next cards

Pseudocode: Loop lowest_card = first card in deck Repeatedly until end of deck: if current_card < lowest_card:

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Pseudocode:

lowest_card = first card in deck

Repeatedly until end of deck:

if current_card < lowest_card:</pre>

lowest_card = current_card

Conditional

- Go from left to right
- Remember the lowest card you've seen *so far* and compare it to the next cards

Pseudocode:

lowest_card = first card in deck

Repeatedly until end of deck:

if current_card < lowest_card:</pre>

lowest_card = current_card

Conditional

(Week 2 concept)

- Go from left to right
- Remember the lowest card you've seen *so far* and compare it to the next cards

Pseudocode:

lowest_card = first card in deck

Repeatedly until end of deck:

if current_card < lowest_card:</pre>

lowest_card = current_card

Relational Operator

- Go from left to right
- Remember the lowest card you've seen *so far* and compare it to the next cards

Pseudocode:

lowest_card = first card in deck

Repeatedly until end of deck:

if current_card < lowest_card:</pre>

lowest_card = current_card

Relational Operator

(Week 1 concept)

- Go from left to right
- Remember the lowest card you've seen *so far* and compare it to the next cards

find lowcard(deck)

lowest_card = first card in deck

Repeatedly until end of deck:

if current_card < lowest_card:</pre>

lowest_card = current_card

Function

- Go from left to right
- Remember the lowest card you've seen *so far* and compare it to the next cards

find lowcard(deck)

lowest_card = first card in deck

Repeatedly until end of deck:

if current_card < lowest_card:</pre>

lowest_card = current_card

Function (Week 4 concept)

Takeaways

- Pseudocode: simple and readable version of algorithm that resembles code
- Assignment Operator: Assigns a variable some value
- Loop Statement: Repeatedly performs an action a fixed number of times
- Relational Operator: Compares two values
- Conditional Statement: A statement that only performs an action under certain conditions
- Function: Generalizes code to work for a generic input

Again, you don't need to know these right now, but I want you to have a point of reference when you do learn them!

What is an algorithm?

